

# THE WAS PS OF ARISTOPHANES









#### [In order of appearance]

Sarah Palin / Lauren Jarvis

2nd Amendment

Ziggy Allen Huang

Jerry Matt Simonton

Del O'Cleon Janani Balasubramaniar Phil O'Cleon Jonathan McDermott

Mama Grizzlies Carolyn MacDonald (Leader

Thea De Armond

Xenia Dmitrieva Kate Kreindler

Kid / Tea-Party Supporter / David Fifield

1st Amendment

Rabbit / Victim Minh Nguyen
Eagle / James Madison James Kierstead

Glenn Bark / Thomas Jefferson Hans Wietzke

Baroof Obowow Chris Chelberg

Party Girl / 21st Amendment Jacqueline Montagne

Priest David Driscoll

Lawyer Jacob Kovacs-Goodman

Iraq War Veteran Dima Brezhnev

Pianist Megan Daniels

Director Al Duncan

Producers Carolyn MacDonald

Alan Sheppard

Costumer Lisa Lowe Choreographer Nikita Vashi

Properties Federica Carugati

Set Construction Garen Arthur

Jacqueline Montagne

Lighting Dan-El Padilla Peralta

Photographer / Puppet Master Sarah C. Murray

Program Zachary Moull

Translation by Nicholas Boterf, Artemis Brod, David Driscoll, Al Duncan, Foivos Karachalios, James Kierstead, Carolyn MacDonald, Jacqueline Montagne, Mark Pyzyk, Alan Sheppard, Matt Simonton, and Hans Wietzke

# DIRECTOR'S NOTE

[AL DUNCAN]

THIS JANUARY, I found myself in the center seat on a short connecting flight from San Antonio to Dallas, returning to the Bay Area from an academic conference. On my right sat a British classicist, paging through a new book on Roman homosexuality she bought at the conference for her trans-Atlantic flight. I, for my part had our newly-pressed Wasps script on the tray table, pen in hand. Scribbling notes, making cuts and posturing authority, I silently hoped that a stray glance from the scholar might spark some polite academic chat: we'd begin with the writings of Sir Kenneth and Henderson, transition through discussions of the body and performance into my well-whittled two-minute dissertation spiel, this in turn leading to email-exchanges, conference invitations, job offers –

My serial imaginings were interrupted when, on my left, a sturdy 6'5" uniformed soldier, Aaron, sat down with a smile that surpassed his stature. Aaron and I talked the entire flight.

It turned out that Aaron had also been in San Antonio for the weekend. He had worked as a recruiter at the Armysponsored All-American Bowl<sup>TM</sup>, the high school football All-Star game—a competitive celebration of youth, nationalism, and militarism not unlike some dramatic festivals of fifth-century Athens. I, through tweed and glasses, felt smug to report that I knew the East had won, 13-10 (from a fortuitous phone call earlier that day—thanks, mom).

Aaron quickly noticed the script and asked me about the show. My first talking points about SCIT came easily. I explained that this was our group's third ancient comedy and that in the first two years we had settled on some peculiar traditions. For instance, we had made it our practice to keep the *phalloi* (oversized,

flaccid, and very visible membra virilia that characterized Greek O1dComedy) while abandoning other scenic conventions such masks, fat-suits, stockings, and more from the ancient theater. I admitted to Aaron that, despite an ideal of accuracy, our translations tended to be written primarily

with our own funny bones in mind. And, though we were all too eager to keep the metatheatricality, obscenity and violent sexuality of the original text, we dropped the difficult poetic meter of the Greek and frequently grafted on modern comedic formulas: parodies of top-40 songs, visual gags, etc.

So far, so good. Aaron was fully on board with the project, intrigued if somewhat perplexed by the phalloi. But his next question sent me spinning: "So, what's this play that you're working on about?" Crap. How could I soft-pedal our play's leftist politics? It had been written at the boiling point of election fever in early November 2010... had we gone too I stammered out some generalizations about America's venomous political scene and the media's role in the national debate, relying on the middle-ground staked by Jon Stewart's Rally to Restore Sanity in October (okay, slightly left-ofcenter). I lingered on the historical instead of the present: it was easy to say that the original Wasps was sharply political, directed chiefly against the Athenian general and statesman, Cleon. It was also easy to say that our adaptation attacked the suggestive, partisan rants of Glenn Beck, Rush Limbaugh and Keith Olbermann. Aphorisms and the demagogues who spout them always make easy targets and have long been the bread and butter of political comedy. But it was clear that I was talking around our political message, our point.

How to talk to a soldier about a

show that so clearly leaned left? strategically set my pen down on some of our more egregious and cheap anticonservative puerilities (John Boner, Tea-Bagger), despite Aristophanic precedent for such ad hominem wordplay. The tragedy in Tucson had occurred the day before our flight, and details and motivations were still hazy; but in Aaron's presence, I was worried that our comedy had become trapped in the very vitriol it initially set out to satirize. But, in a crowded plane, fastened tight to your chair, one must be civil and polite. Centuries of technological advancement have led society to a point where people need rarely, if ever, speak with those fellow citizens with whom they don't agree. The as-vet unconquered expense of air-travel has made fuselages the last bastion of enforced civility - JetBlue flight attendant debacles aside. But my anxiety was overblown. Aaron, for his part, proved the perfect

audience. He thought the whole showand the Tea Party scene in particular sounded hilarious. The career soldier had a more complicated political outlook than I had stereotyped. Coming from a military family, he favored strong, but limited, national defense and was thoroughly positive about the repeal of DADT (he was in recruitment, after all). Aaron loved to cook, offering me panegyrics of quinoa and kale, and was a practicing vegetarian-devotion, not fashion, in his suburban Kansas home. Devoted to nature and its preservation (lest I write conservation), Aaron was proud to share a fitting personal anecdote about failed ideals before we deplaned. While he was working with the Army Corps of Engineers on an ecologically sensitive roadconstruction project to connect a coastal Native American village to the main road in Alaska, a group of Greenpeace activists

tter protest. However, the overladen Greenat I peace vessel marooned itself on protected ge, coastal area and was rescued (and fined) by the Coast Guard. *Army Corps, ftw.* 

on a barge motored out to the site in

But as Del notes in this very play, "Don't make up your mind until you've heard both points of view!" If Greenpeace's clumsy protest and oversimplified message deserve our laughter, their core mission remains valuable and viable. Similar complaints and praises can be made about the Army (still one of America's most-trusted institutions seven years after Abu Ghraib) or even the Tea Party, whose mobilization and overwhelmingly non-violent participation in this country's political scene ought to be

respected even by those of us who oppose

their vision. Sure, Aaron and I might have gone on to find our differences and toe the

party lines. But for those 45 minutes of

enforced civility in the sky, we found

much common ground.

This is not written in support of moral relativism in the face of a complex world. Nor does *The Wasps* suggest that we withdraw ourselves from the real world of politics and dwell instead a comic utopia of harmless, ersatz politics—the kind which Del offers her father in our play's Tea Party. Two and a half millennia after Aristophanes, Jon Stewart's rally

(and his role in passing the Zadroga Act) show that comedy still speaks to ta dikaia,

that is, to justice. And while the genre may

not always be capable of changing minds

and hearts, it offers the reward of opening

up civil discourse while running only the

risk of escalating laughter. To quote Del O'Cleon again: "It'll be tough, and it's

going to take some serious thought - more

than you get from an ancient Greek

comedy—to fix our nation's broken system. But I have to try."

We at SCIT are proud to offer you our Wasps: a creative and academic exercise of translation and performance, an indulgence in buffoonery, an act of disciplinary outreach, a community building experience, a political commentary but above all, we hope, a comedy.

### TRANSLATORS' NOTE

[ARTEMIS BROD & MARK PYZYK]

THE WASPS will be SCIT's audience in 422 third Aristophanes play in as many years. Over that time, we've run the gauntlet of theme and subject from the anti-war farce Acharnians to the mock-ademic lampoon Clouds-and in that time, we've gotten better and better at a sort of hive-translation, made possible by modern technology. Using services like Google Documents, we've managed to corral twelve Stanford classicists into the translation process, drawing on their unique skills and comedic stylings. Far from stifling creativity, what they've produced is something wonderfully eclectic, showing influences from thousand а directions. There are many jokes in this translation that, so far as many us are concerned, simply appeared out of the aether. And yet the story remains focused and coherent in all of its particulars, the result of methods from an older era-simple, face-to-face collaboration. Honed in the fires of many an intense translation and editing session - including one magical sea -side retreat in November -- the play was simultaneously written in

Now, why The Wasps, exactly? Aristophanes' original play, written for an Athenian

a mode as traditional as any.

BC, is a story of addiction-in this case, jury to Philoservice. cleon, the play's



comic protagonist simply cannot get enough of the power and thrills that come with sitting on juries, hob-nobbing with the great men of Athens, enjoying the praise heaped on him and his ilk by orators and politicians. Here was our first problem. A comedy about the irresistible allure of jury duty seemed a dubious proposition, at best. And yet it spoke to us, it seemed familiar. When we had twisted the perspective slightly, however, it made a great deal more sense-The Wasps would be about political rallying and its attendant obsessions, something we have gotten no rest from these past years.

Of course, framing it in required some these terms adjustment-though in the end, less than one might expect. Our comic hero is Phil O'Cleon, a man who dreams of the 24-hour news cycle and mama grizzlies on the prowl. He tea-bags whenever he's able, but at our story's beginning he is being held captive in his own house by a concerned daughter,

Del O'Cleon. Given the oppositional nature of the story, and of our modern subject matter, we needed Del to be as liberal,

cosmopolitan, and latte-

sipping as possible. This is, after all, as Aristophanes would have wanted it—a comedy of gross caricatures.

There were, of

course, some references that proved challenging. Primary among them was the sudden pressure placed on the play's message by the tragic events of January 8th, 2011. On that day, a man opened fire at an open-air meeting between congressional representative Gabrielle Gifford and her constituents in Tucson, AZ. Nineteen people were shot, six died. We were all shocked at the senselessness of the act, and immediately recognized that certain parts of the play would take on new and perhaps significance. unwelcome Now, whether one believes that years of media bombardment have encouraged an everyday atmosphere of paranoia and anger, which is only now producing tangible results, is a question that will necessarily remain unsettled for the moment.

It is nevertheless our belief that such a dialogue must continue, and our own work, if it can contribute to that in any way, should remain unexpurgated. Therefore, it was our decision

to leave the play unedited. We might take minute, now, to mention the ending. It will seem strange sudden and rather audiences, a fade-to-black nothing solves descends into irredeemable this is chaos. And Aristophanes intended it. The Wasps, in whatever version it comes, ends sublime on absurdity. Of course, it is said comedies typically end with a wedding. This might be true, but sometimes they simply end in medias res: in this sense, The Wasps finds more in common with John Landis' Animal House and Monty Python and the Holy Grail than with Menander's Dyskolos. But in this case, the ending is perhaps most effective at pointing to the ongoing nature of our own modern conflict, of the points to be made on both sides (as well the glaring as contradictions inherent in each), and our need as an audience (and as engaged citizens) to keep our ears open.

The cast and crew would like to extend their

## SPECIAL THANKS

to the following individuals and groups for their diligence and care:

Iden Bagdadchi Chris Golde Anika Green Ryan Johnson Margo Keeley Hongyi Marston Richard Martin

Sean McKibbon and the GovCo staff
Dayna Muniz, Leilani Lee, and Stanford Labor & Events Services
Sam Perlman



Stanford Classics in Theater

A SCIT PRODUCTION, GENEROUSLY FUNDED BY THE STANFORD GSC, ASSU, VPGE, AND CLASSICS DEPARTMENT







